MISSISSIPPI BOARD OF ANIMAL HEALTH

Title 2
Part 101
Subpart 2
Chapter 12 Entry Requirements

General

100 Certificates of Veterinary Inspection (CVI) Requirements – Valid Certificates of Veterinary Inspection (CVI) are required on all animals except livestock and poultry moving directly to slaughter, moving directly to a licensed stockyard, approved tagging site or veterinary clinic for treatment. In addition certain classes of pets do not need a CVI. Only licensed graduate Accredited Veterinarians, or Veterinarians regularly employed by the state of origin, or Veterinary Services division of APHIS, USDA are authorized to inspect and issue official health certificates on livestock entering Mississippi.

Amended:		, 2022
Source: Miss.	Code Ann.,	§69-15-3.

Cattle

105.01 Identification

Official individual identification is an approved identification device under federal requirements that is tamper-proof and uniquely identifies the animal to the premises on which it was identified. Examples include:

- 1. Official alphanumeric U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) metal ear tags (National Uniform Ear Tagging System Brite tags)
- 2. Official alphanumeric USDA metal vaccination tags (Orange tags)
- 3. Official 840 tags (radio-frequency identification [RFID] tags or visual)
- 4. For Exhibition Purposes Only
 - 1. Official individual animal registration identification accompanied by registration papers

Official individual identification is required and shall be listed on the Certificate of Veterinary Inspection for the following classes of cattle and bison:

- 1. Breeding Beef Cattle
- 2. All Dairy Cattle
- 3. All Exhibition Cattle
 - a. Exhibition Cattle may use animal registration number if accompanied by registration papers *unless*
 - b. Entered into a sale, in which case Official Identification Tags must be used

Official Individual Identification is exempted for the following classes of cattle and bison

- 1. Animals Moving Directly to Slaughter
- 2. Animals Moving to an Approved Tagging Site
- 3. Animals Moving to an Approved Stockyard

Adopted:,	2022
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Source: Miss. Code Ann., §69-15-3

105.02 Brucellosis -The following requirements must be met for cattle to be eligible to enter Mississippi .

Cattle originating from states classified as:

1. Free States/Accredited Free Herds

There are no test requirements. No permit is required.

- 2. Non Free State or Area
- a. Test eligible cattle from non-quarantined herds (excluding certified brucellosis free herds) may enter Mississippi provided the cattle have been tested and are negative to the official brucellosis test within 30 days prior to entry, and are individually officially identified on an official health certificate. Permit needed
- b. Steers and spayed heifers from any herd and official calfhood vaccinates of the dairy breeds under 20 months of age, and official vaccinates of the beef breeds under 24 months of age, which are not parturient or post parturient, from non-quarantined herds, can enter without test restrictions.

Amended:		, 2022
Source: Miss.	Code Ann.,	§69-15-3

105.03 Tuberculosis - All cattle over 6 mos. of age will be required to be negative to an official tuberculosis test within 30 days prior to date of shipment. Exemptions to Testing:

- 1. Beef Cattle from an Accredited Free State or Herd
- 2. Dairy Cattle from an Accredited Free Herd
- 3. Dairy Cattle for Exhibition Only (60 day test allowed)
- 4. Dairy Cattle Direct to Slaughter
- 5. Steers or Spayed Heifers

Amended 3/2010	and	2	0	12	1	2

Source: Miss. Code Ann., §69-15-3

105.04 Trichomoniasis - 1. No bull that has tested positive for Bovine Trichomoniasis (Tritrichomonas foetus) shall be brought into this state for any purpose whatsoever except to go directly to slaughter and must be on a VS 1-27 form.

- 2. No bull may be brought into this state without being accompanied by a negative test for Trichomoniasis except for the following animals:
- a. Exhibition and rodeo bulls that are temporarily in the state only for the purpose of the event and will be leaving the state after the event
- b. Bulls consigned to go directly to slaughter;
- c. Virgin bulls with accompanying statement which may be written on the CVI or be an official state form.
- d. Bulls to be castrated on arrival with permit.
- 3. A bull that is brought into this state without being accompanied by a negative test for Trichomoniasis shall not be commingled with any cow unless the bull is tested and found to be negative for Trichomoniasis prior to commingling.
- 4. All bulls tested for Trichomoniasis, whether in-state or to be brought into this state, shall be identified by one or more of the following means prior to importation: a. U.S.D.A. official permanent ID to include but not limited to
- (1) USDA NUES ear tag;
- (2) official 840 radio frequency identification device (RFID);
- (3) official 840 flap or bangle tag.
- 5. Virgin bulls. A virgin bull is a bull less than 18 months of age in which only one permanent central incisor teeth is in wear are not present and that has never been commingled with breeding females. Virgin bulls, other than exhibition and rodeo bulls, brought into this state shall, in addition to any other required documentation, be accompanied by a certification of virgin status signed by the owner of the bull, or the owner's representative or a duly authorized veterinarian. The certification shall include the bull's individual identification. If the owner seeking to import the virgin bull into this state acquired the bull from a breeder or another owner then a certification of virgin status signed by the breeder and each prior owner of the bull, or their representative must also accompany the bull. (See Trichomoniasis Regulation for full instructions.)

Amended 2010, May 11, 2020 and	, 2022
Source: Miss. Code Ann . §69-15-3.	

Swine

107.01. All swine must be accompanied by an official health certificate and a permit prior to movement obtained with the number of the permit shown on the certificate. All swine must be individually identified with official identification on the health certificate, with the exception of entry for exhibition only, in which case registration identification along with registration papers

are allowed, and must originate from herds that have not had an infectious or communicable disease within the past 90 days prior to movement, and this statement written on the health certificate. In addition, the statement: "To the best of my knowledge, swine represented on this certificate have not originated from a premises known to be affected by Porcine Epidemic Diarrhea virus (PEDv), and have not been exposed to PEDv within the last 30 days."

Amended: April 16, 2014 and		2022.
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Source: Miss. Code Ann., §69-15-3

107.03 Pseudorabies. All gilts, sows, and boars six (6) months of age and over for breeding or show purposes must be negative to an official pseudorabies test made within 30 days immediately preceding the date of entry. The exceptions are swine on a show circuit when 60 days will be allowed, or swine that originate from a validated Pseudorabies Validated/Qualified Herd or from a Swine Pseudorabies Stage 5 State.

Amended: _______, 2022

Source: Miss. Code Ann., §69-15-3

107.04. All swine for immediate slaughter shall be consigned to a recognized slaughtering establishment on either a health certificate or permit or waybill or inspection certificate from federally inspected stockyards. In either instance, a copy shall accompany swine and a copy shall be forwarded to the State Veterinarian of Mississippi.

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100 Certificates of Veterinary Inspection (CVI) Requirements – Valid Certificates of Veterinary Inspection (CVI) are required on all animals except livestock and poultry consigned to Federal approved slaughter establishments moving directly to slaughter, moving directly to a licensed stockyard, approved tagging site or veterinary clinic for treatment. In addition certain classes of pets do not need a CVI. Only licensed graduate Accredited Veterinarians, or Veterinarians regularly employed by the state of origin, or Veterinary Services division of APHIS, USDA are authorized to inspect and issue official health certificates on livestock entering Mississippi.

Amended:		, 2022
Source: Miss.	Code Ann .	§69-15-3.

Cattle

105.01 Identification

Official individual identification is an approved identification device under federal requirements that is tamper-proof and uniquely identifies the animal to the premises on which it was identified. Examples include:

- 1. Official alphanumeric U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) metal ear tags (National Uniform Ear Tagging System Brite tags)
- 2. Official alphanumeric USDA metal vaccination tags (Orange tags)
- 3. Official 840 tags (radio-frequency identification [RFID] tags or visual)
- 4. For Exhibition Purposes Only
 - 1. Official individual animal registration identification accompanied by registration papers

Official individual identification is required and shall be listed on the Certificate of Veterinary Inspection for the following classes of cattle and bison:

- 1. Breeding Beef Cattle
- 2. All Dairy Cattle
- 3. All Exhibition Cattle
 - a. Exhibition Cattle may use animal registration number if accompanied by registration papers *unless*
 - b. Entered into a sale, in which case Official Identification Tags must be used

Official Individual Identification is exempted for the following classes of cattle and bison

- 1. Animals Moving Directly to Slaughter
- 2. Animals Moving to an Approved Tagging Site
- 3. Animals Moving to an Approved Stockyard

Adopted:		, 2022
Source: Miss.	Code Ann	§69-15-3

105.01 105.02 Brucellosis -The following requirements must be met for cattle to be eligible to enter Mississippi . Test eligible cattle, or females not vaccinated over twelve (12) months of age, or males over eighteen (18) months of age, should <u>must</u> be brucellosis tested except for the following exemptions: Cattle originating from states classified as:

1. Free States/Accredited Free Herds

All test eligible cattle may enter provided they are individually identified on an official health certificate. There are no permanent test requirements. No permit is required.

- 2. Non Free State or Area
- a. Test eligible cattle from certified brucellosis free herds may enter without testing prior to entry if identity to sources is maintained, and cattle are individually identified on an official health certificate which shows the certified herd number.
- b. a.Test eligible cattle from non-quarantined herds (excluding certified brucellosis free herds) may enter Mississippi provided the cattle have been tested and are negative to the official brucellosis test within 30 days prior to entry, and are individually officially identified on an official health certificate. Permit needed
- c. Test eligible cattle may move directly from a farm of origin to a specifically approved stockyard in Mississippi for the required test. Such cattle may then be moved to a farm in Mississippi . A health certificate is required for test negative cattle moving to a farm in Mississippi from specifically approved stockyard in another state. No retest is required in either instance.
- d. b. Steers and spayed heifers from any herd and official calfhood vaccinates of the dairy breeds under 20 months of age, and official vaccinates of the beef breeds under 24 months of age, which are not parturient or post parturient, from non-quarantined herds, can enter without test restrictions.

Amended:		, 2022
Source: Miss.	Code Ann.,	§69-15-3

105.02 105.03 Tuberculosis - All cattle over 6 mos. of age will be required to be negative to an official tuberculosis test within 30 days prior to date of shipment. and in addition the cattle must be from a non-quarantined herd in a modified accredited area or tuberculosis free area. All dairy cattle over 6 months of age must have a negative TB Test prior to entering Mississippi.

Exceptions: Exemptions to Testing

- 1. Beef Cattle from an Accredited Free State or Herd
- 2. Dairy Cattle from an Accredited Free Herd
- 3. Dairy Cattle for Exhibition Only (60 day test allowed)
- 4. Dairy Cattle Direct to Slaughter
- 5. Steers or Spayed Heifers

If cattle entering Mississippi are on a show circuit, a 60-day test is allowed.

- 2. Cattle originating from an Accredited Tuberculosis Free Herd (Accredited herd number and date accredited shall be entered on health certificate) or Beef Cattle from an Accredited Free State .
- 3. Steers.
- 4. Cattle for immediate slaughter.

Amended 3/2010 and _______, 2022

Source: Miss. Code Ann., §69-15-3

105.03 105.04 Trichomoniasis

- 1. No bull that has tested positive for Bovine Trichomoniasis (Tritrichomonas foetus) shall be brought into this state for any purpose whatsoever except to go directly to slaughter and must be on a VS 1-27 form.
- 2. No bull may be brought into this state without being accompanied by a negative test for Trichomoniasis except for the following animals:
- a. Exhibition and rodeo bulls that are temporarily in the state only for the purpose of the event and will be leaving the state after the event
- b. Bulls consigned to go directly to slaughter;
- c. Virgin bulls with accompanying statement which may be written on the CVI or be an official state form.
- d. Bulls to be castrated on arrival with permit.
- 3. A bull that is brought into this state without being accompanied by a negative test for Trichomoniasis shall not be commingled with any cow unless the bull is tested and found to be negative for Trichomoniasis prior to commingling.
- 4. All bulls tested for Trichomoniasis, whether in-state or to be brought into this state, shall be identified by one or more of the following means prior to importation: a. U.S.D.A. official permanent ID to include but not limited to
- (1) Brucellosis USDA NUES ear tag;
- (2) official 840 radio frequency identification device (RFID);
- (3) official 840 flap or bangle tag.
- 5. Virgin bulls. A virgin bull is a bull less than 18 months of age in which only one permanent central incisor teeth is in wear are not present and that has never been commingled with breeding females. Virgin bulls, other than exhibition and rodeo bulls, brought into this state shall, in addition to any other required documentation, be accompanied by a certification of virgin status signed by the owner of the bull, or the owner's representative or a duly authorized veterinarian.

The certification shall include the bull's individual identification. If the owner seeking to import the virgin bull into this state acquired the bull from a breeder or another owner then a certification of virgin status signed by the breeder and each prior owner of the bull, or their representative must also accompany the bull. (See Trichomoniasis Regulation for full instructions.)

Amended 2010, May 11, 2020 and	, 2022
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Source: Miss. Code Ann., §69-15-3.

Swine

107.01. All swine for breeding purposes must be accompanied by an official health certificate and a permit prior to movement obtained with the number of the permit shown on the certificate. All swine must be individually identified with official identification on the health certificate, with the exception of entry for exhibition only, in which case registration identification along with registration papers are allowed, and must originate from herds that have not had an infectious or communicable disease within the past 90 days prior to movement, and this statement written on the health certificate. In addition the statement: "To the best of my knowledge, swine represented on this certificate have not originated from a premises known to be affected by Porcine Epidemic Diarrhea virus (PEDv), and have not been exposed to PEDv within the last 30 days."

Amended: April 16, 2014 and	, 2022
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Source: Miss. Code Ann., §69-15-3

107.03 Pseudorabies. 1. Swine will not be permitted to enter for any purpose from a herd infected with, or exposed to, pseudorabies or which has been vaccinated against pseudorabies. 2. A negative SN test (negative at 1:4 dilution) for pseudorabies is required within 30 days prior to movement, or swine must originate from a pseudorabies Qualified Herd or originate from a Stage 4 or Stage 5 state. Imported swine will be quarantined and isolated from other swine for a 30 day retest at owners' expense. If they are positive to the test, they must be immediately sent to slaughter or returned to their origin, with permission of state and federal personnel of both states. Exceptions to the quarantine and re-test rule are for swine originating from a Qualified/Validated Herd, or originating from a Stage 4/5 State. All gilts, sows, and boars six (6) months of age and over for breeding or show purposes must be negative to an official pseudorabies test made within 30 days immediately preceding the date of entry. The exceptions are swine on a show circuit when 60 days will be allowed, or swine that originate from a validated Pseudorabies Validated/Qualified Herd or from a Swine Pseudorabies Stage 5 State.

Amended: _______, 2022

Source: Miss. Code Ann., §69-15-3

107.04. All swine entering Mississippi must also meet requirements of Title 9—Animals and Animal Products, Chapter I—Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, Department of Agriculture, Code of Federal Regulations.

107.05. 107.04. All swine for immediate slaughter shall be consigned to a recognized slaughtering establishment on either a health certificate or permit or waybill or inspection certificate from federally inspected stockyards. In either instance, a copy shall accompany swine and a copy shall be forwarded to the State Veterinarian of Mississippi.

107.06 Feeder pigs moving on shipment into Mississippi must be ear tagged and identified to the farm of origin, and be quarantined for 30 days to the farm of destination.

107.07 Feeder pigs consigned to Feeder Pig Association sales shall:

- 1. Be farrowed and raised on the farm of origin. Pigs are to be moved directly from that farm to the feeder sale.
- 2. The entire herds of origin of the pigs consigned to the sale are to be inspected for health by a veterinarian within ten (10) days prior to the sale, and the veterinarian must issue a certificate stating the herd is in good health.
- 3. Feeder sales shall accept no cull pig or pigs from herds that are fed garbage.
- 4. All pigs are to be ear tagged at the feeder sale to maintain records to the herd of origin.
- 5. Owners of pigs are required to present the health certificate issued by the veterinarian to a sale inspector prior to unloading at the sale.
- 6. Male pigs must be castrated, and properly healed by sale day.
- 7. All pigs are inspected upon arrival at sale by the sale personnel.
- 8. All pigs must have tails docked prior to the sale.

Source: Miss. Code Ann. §69-15-3.